CSH6 CH 18 REVIEW QUESTIONS

- 1. What did Johnny [x]chaotic do in August 1996?
- 2. An attacker sends huge numbers of requests asking for confirmation that there is a device on a specific IP address and how long it takes for the response. This technique is characteristic of which DoS attack?
- 3. An attacker sends spoofed UDP packets to the broadcast address of a large network which responds to the victim's address with a flood of packets. This attack is known as a
- 4. What was the name of the worm that started in the IBM internal networks and escaped into BITNET to cause widespread DoS?
- 5. How do the CAPTCHAs that so many email-list managers use help reduce subscription bombing?
- 6. Which of the following attacks uses a buffer overflow?
- 7. Which of the following is thought to be the first DDoS tool?
- 8. Why do bounds violations in interpreters cause the greatest risk of harmful results?
- 9. An impossible condition causes the operating system to halt. Attacks using such situations are known as ____
- 10. What is a _bounds violation_ in programming?
- 11. Where can system administrators locate the latest information on new vulnerabilities, including new buffer overflows?
- 12. Why is it often difficult to measure the actual costs of a denial-of-service attack on a commercial Website system?
- 13. Why doesn't packet filtering work against DDoS?
- 14. Which of the following is/are used to describe a compromised system used in a DDoS attack?
- 15. One of the key methods for increasing resistance to DoS attacks is to ____
- 16. An attacker sends a SYN packet to a target, which responds with a SYN/ACK and waits for the ACK – which never arrives. This sequence is characteristic of which DoS attack?
- 17. Which of the following illustrates a denial-of-service problem?

- 18. In DoS attack, carefully crafted packets have their source and destination address ports set to the same address. This technique is used in ____
- 19. What kind of people are currently using DDoS attacks?
- 20. Which of the following is/are (a) possible consequence of a bounds violation in code?
- 21. In March 1999, the fastest-spreading MS-Word macro virus up to that time infected people's computers and sent email to the 50 most-used addresses in the victims' address books. This was the ____
- 22. Which of the following is/are (a) recommended approach(es) to reducing vulnerability to DoS attacks?
- 23. Which of the following is/are (a) DDoS tool(s)?
- 24. Unknown criminals used a SYN-flood in September 1996 to damage which ISP?
- 25. In DoS attack, carefully crafted packets result in overlaps when reassembled by the receiving system and crash the system. This technique is used in ____
- 26. Why does obligatory user lockout after, say, three incorrect passwords risk a DoS on the system if the IT department HelpDesk has to manually reset each locked account?
- 27. Which of the following is a ping-flood attack?
- 28. In November 1988, a significant proportion of the computers using the primitive Internet were taken offline due to the ____
- 29. An attacker crafts a series of packets in which the total size once assembled exceeds the maximum data-block size of 64KB. This attack is called a ____
- 30. Many packet-flooding attacks use ICMP. What is ICMP?
- 31. When an incident involves exhausting resources on a computer system or network and results in degraded performance or complete loss of functionality, we call this situation a ____
- 32. In DoS attack, carefully crafted packets have their source and destination address ports set to the same address. Receiving such packets causes ____
- 33. What is the fundamental problem leading to buffer overflows?

