# Standards for NORWICH UNIVERSITY **Security Products**

**CSH6 Chapter 51** "Security Standards for Products" Paul J. Brusil and Noel Zakin

### **Selected Topics** in CSH6 Ch 51



- **▶** Introduction
- > Security assessment standards and security implementation
- Establishing trust and managing risk
- ➤ Common criteria paradigm
- ➤ Conclusion





These notes are deliberately limited to focus on highlights of the chapter suitable for the introductory-level undergraduate course IS342 on management of information assurance taught at Norwich University

### Introduction

- > IT is vast; security standards essential
- > Standards stipulate security needs and requirements
- > Standards specify conventions
- Standards ensure interoperability
- Customers can specify level of security and assurance with standards
- Customers can assess products from different vendors with standards

### Security Assessment Standards and Security Implementations NORWICH



- ➤ Security Technology and Product **Assessment Standards**
- ➤ Standards for Assessing Security **Implementers**
- Combined Product and Product Builder Assessment Standards

### Security Assessment Standards and Security Implementations (1)



Security Technology and Product Assessment Standards

Informal, consortium-driven (e.g. IETF)

- ➤ Security Proof of Concept Keystone (SPOCK) -**NSA** sponsored product-specific tests
- VPN consortium conformance testing of a VPN to IETF IP security standard



NORWICH

Security Assessment Standards and Security Implementations





Standards for Assessing Security *Implementers* 

- **Capability Maturity Model (CMM)** 
  - Systems Security Engineering CMM (SSE-CMM) – framework of accepted security principles
- ➤ Quality (ISO 9000) broad assessment of system quality





Combined Product and Product Builder Assessment Standards

- Competing National Standards
  - □TCSEC (Trusted Computing System **Evaluation Criteria) – Orange Book,**



- □CTCSEC Canada
- > Common Consolidated Criteria Standard – New international standard Common Criteria (CC)





### **Establishing Trust and Managing Risks Topics**



- **➤Why Trust and Risk** Management are Important
- > Alternative Methods of **Establishing Trust** 
  - **□Nonstandard Trust Development Alternatives**
  - **□Standard-Based Trust Development Alternatives**





### Establishing Trust and **Managing Risks (1)**



- > New technology, new business models - players need confidence
- > Trust against cyber-terrorism
- > Presidential Decision Directive (PDD 63; May 22, 1998) on Critical Infrastructure Protection\*
- Trust + Risk mitigation = more revenue
- Need Common Criteria paradigm



NORWICH

NORWICH

\* https://www.fas.org/irp/offdocs/pdd/pdd-63.htm

Establishing Trust and

Alternative Methods of Establishing Trust

> Standard-Based Trust Development

Managing Risks (3)

### **Establishing Trust and Managing Risks (2)**



**Alternative Methods of Establishing Trust** 

- > Nonstandard Trust Development Alternatives
  - □Vendor self-declarations
  - □Proprietary in-house assessments e.g. Smart **Card Security Users Group**
  - □Hacking (uncertain, unmeasurable)
  - □Open Source e.g. Linux code
  - □Trade press (reviews, recommendations)
  - □Initial Commercial Approaches e.g. ICSA labs



### Common Criteria Paradigm **Topics**



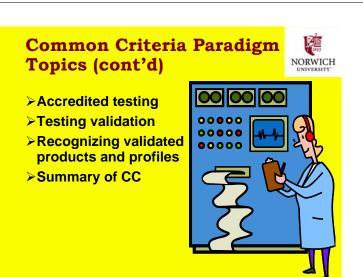
CC paradigm is a scheme based on formal international standards

- Standards that shape Common Criteria (CC)
- ➤ Details about the CC
- > Using CC to define security requirements and solutions
- Defining common text methodology
- Mutual recognition of testing and national testing schemes
- CC evaluation and validation scheme (CCEVS) of the US



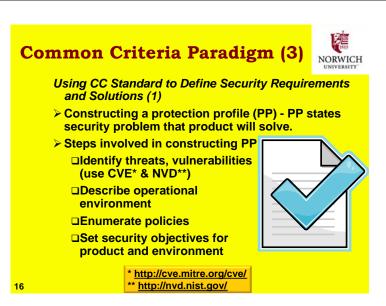
contd...

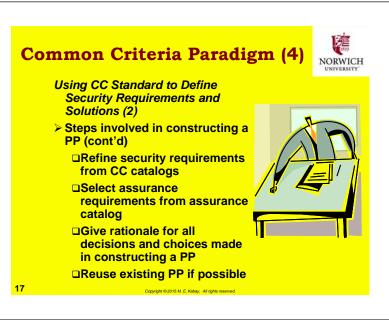
**Alternatives** 

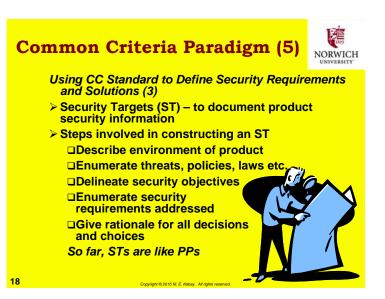












### Common Criteria Paradigm (6)



Using CC Standard to Define Security Requirements and Solutions (4)

- > STs go beyond PPs because they:
  - □Specify security functions offered to meet security requirements
  - □Specify assurance measures taken to meet assurance requirements
  - □Can conform to more than one PP
- STs beneficial complete, unambiguous
- > PP/ST development tools available



10

Copyright © 2015 M. E. Kabay. All rights reserved

### Common Criteria Paradigm (7)



**Defining Common Test Methodology** 

- ➤ Common Evaluation Methodology (CEM)
  - □Two-part standard
  - □Part 1: general model, evaluation process, roles of stakeholders
  - □Part 2: complete methodology information on general evaluation tasks
- ▶ Benefits of CEM
  - □Common base for product assessment
  - □Common floor of operational confidence

2

opyright © 2015 M. F. Kahay. All rights reserve

### Common Criteria Paradigm (8)



Mutual Recognition of Testing and National Testing Schemes

- Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA)
  - □Identifies conditions for mutual recognition of testing, validation, and certification among countries
  - □Rooted in use of CC and CEM
- ➤ National schemes
  - □Countries agreeing to the MRA have their own schemes

21

Copyright © 2015 M. E. Kabay. All rights reserved

# Common Criteria Paradigm (9)



Common Criteria Evaluation & Validation Scheme of the United States

- ➤ Purpose
  - □Establish and maintain quality of CC-based security testing, validation, certification infrastructure
  - □ Define policies, procedures, processes for CC-based, MRA-recognized security testing, validation, certification
- > See next slide for screen shot

http://www.niap-ccevs.org/

22

pyright © 2015 M. E. Kabay. All rights reserved.

# National Information Assurance Partnership Common Criteria Evaluation & Validation Scheme | Common Criteria Evaluation & Validation Scheme | Common Criteria Evaluation & Validation Scheme | Partnership | Common Criteria | County | Count

## Common Criteria Paradigm (10)



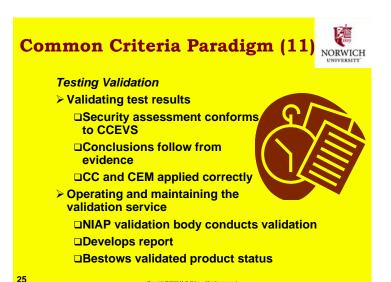
### **Accredited Testing**

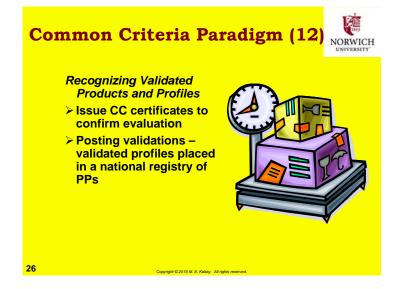
- Testing products and profiles
  - □Benefits of accredited testing and evaluation
  - □Helping customers
  - □Preparing for testing
  - □Conducting testing
  - □Testing oversight
- Accrediting security testing laboratories
  - **□What is accreditation?**
  - □Benefits of accreditation



24

opyright © 2015 M. E. Kabay. All rights reserved.





### Common Criteria Paradigm Summary

- > CC paradigm a powerful, flexible, standards-based mechanism
- Facilitates defining IT security and confidence requirements
- Facilitates stipulating IT product security specifications
- Facilitates testing and test verification
- Provides cost-effective value
- Helps users understand risks, vulnerabilities
- > Assures better-engineered, more acceptable products



NORWICH

1. Why do we use standards for security

**Review Questions: Extra** 

**NUoodle Discussion Board** 

credit for posting responses to



- standards for security certification of products. 3. Outline the history of security standards leading
- 4. Summarize the components of the CC framework.

to the Common Criteria

### Extra points available



- For 10 extra points added to your quiz-points total
- > Use the Kreitzberg Library, Google Scholar, and the WWW to research current industry views about the Common Criteria
- ➤ Write a 1 page report (500 ± 50 words) on findings
  - □Single-spaced, following guidelines for essays
  - □Put following in UPPER RIGHT CORNER of report:

**Your Name** 

**Common Criteria Today** 

- > Upload the DOCX, DOC, RTF or ODT file to NUoodle in the upload function available in this week's section. No TXT or PDF files.
- Submit by the deadline shown in NUoodle



Now go and study



